Local Records Retention Schedules

Missouri Revised Statutes Chapter 109 (Public and Business Records) Section 255 authorizes the Local Records Board to establish minimum retention periods for the administrative, fiscal and legal records created by local governments.

Retention and disposition of records that are common to many offices are included in the General Schedule. Records unique to particular offices are addressed in individual office schedules.

December 2009

General Records Retention Schedule

Using this Records Retention Schedule

Everyday local government offices throughout Missouri produce records that document the rights of citizens, the actions of the government that serves them and the history of the community in which they live. It is the responsibility of local government to effectively maintain and manage these records and to ensure the continued preservation of those records of essential evidence that have enduring and permanent value. The introduction to this retention schedule provides local government officials with basic information on records and the application of retention schedules.

What is a Record?

A "**record**" is defined as any "document, book, paper, photograph, map, sound recording or other material, regardless of physical form or characteristics, made or received pursuant to law or in connection with the transaction of official business" (109.210(5) RSMo). This definition includes those records created, used and maintained in electronic form.

Non-Records

Even though records include a broad spectrum of recorded information, not all recorded information is a record. According to Section 109.210(5) RSMo, the following are not records: "...Library and museum material made or acquired and preserved solely for reference or exhibition purposes, extra copies of documents preserved only for convenience of reference, and stocks of publications and of processed documents are not included within the definition of records..."

Other examples of non-records include the following materials:

- Identical copies of documents maintained in the same file.
- Extra copies of printed or processed materials (official copies of which are retained by the office of record).
- Superseded manuals and other directives (maintained outside the office of record).
- Materials documenting employee fringe activities (blood donors, charitable funds, social and professional meetings, etc.)
- Work papers and drafts of reports or correspondence. Transcribed stenographic materials.
- Blank forms.
- Materials received from other activities that require no action (official copies of which are retained by the
 office of record).

 Catalogs, trade journals and other publications or papers received from government agencies, commercial firms or private institutions that require no action and are not part of an action case record.

Non-records do not require retention scheduling or destruction authorization or reporting. To control excessive accumulation, it is necessary to keep only current, useful materials and to destroy non-records immediately after needs have been satisfied. Avoid filing non-record material with records.

The Value of Local Government Records

Some records, because of their enduring administrative, fiscal, legal or historical value, should be permanently retained. These records require that special care and consideration be given to their storage conditions and the feasibility of preservation microfilming. Examples of permanent records include year-end reports; minutes; property records such as deeds; and birth, death and marriage records.

Most records do not have values that warrant their permanent preservation. Those records with short-term value should, upon reaching end of the retention period, be destroyed.

Statutory Authority for Establishing Records Retention Requirements

In 1965, the Missouri General Assembly established a State Records Commission to approve retentions for records produced by state agencies. In 1972, Missouri's Business and Public Records Law (Chapter 109) was expanded to include local government. Thus, the Missouri Local Records Board was established to set retention times for local government records. The 16-member board, chaired by the Secretary of State, consists of local government officials from all classes of counties and cities, elementary and secondary education, higher education and a person active in historical society groups.

Supplemental to the Local Records Board, the Records Management and Archives Service of the Secretary of State's office provides assistance to local governments and implements board policy.

Application of the Records Retention Schedule

This schedule establishes minimum retention periods and authorizes dispositions for many of the administrative, fiscal and legal records common to most local governments. Retention periods are based upon federal and state mandates, record surveys, business needs, and general knowledge as to how long records should be kept. Using the schedule as a guide and without seeking further approval from the Local Records Board, any local government may regularly dispose of any of its records that appear on this schedule. The schedule is subject to the following exceptions and limitations:

- A. Local government offices may retain any of their records beyond the retention periods set by the schedule, as they deem necessary. The schedule establishes only a minimum period of retention. Before retaining a record longer than the minimum time required, however, the office should be certain that it has good reason to do so. Unnecessary retention of records can be expensive in space and filing equipment and may expose the office to costly litigation and discovery requirements.
- B. This schedule does not relieve local governments of retention requirements mandated by other state and federal statutes and regulations. When such an obligation does exist, then the longer retention period takes precedence.
- C. This schedule generally reflects audit requirements in its prescribed retention periods, but audits are not always completed in a timely fashion. Therefore, any record required for an audit must be retained until completion of that audit, regardless of its stated retention period in the schedule.
- D. This schedule does not authorize destruction of records that could be deemed relevant to current or pending litigation.

Retention and disposition of records that are common to many offices are included in the General Schedule. Records unique to particular offices are addressed in individual office schedules. All schedules are available on the Secretary of State's website at http://www.sos.mo.gov/archives/localrecs/schedules

Destruction of Records

The records classification and retention periods in this manual constitute legal authority for retention and disposal of official records. No records can be destroyed until they meet the minimum retention period listed in this manual. In cases where there is no schedule for a particular record series, the Local Records Board must grant permission for the destruction.

The disposition of records should be recorded in a document such as the minutes of the city council or other legally constituted authority that has permanent record status. The record should include the description and quantity of each record series disposed of, manner of destruction, inclusive dates covered and the date on which destruction was accomplished.

The retention schedule does not prescribe the method of destruction (shredding, burning, landfills, etc.), however, record series with a disposition of *Destroy securely* contain confidential data. These records should be destroyed under the supervision of a competent person(s) designated (or appointed) to ensure that no records fall into unauthorized hands and that the data cannot be reconstructed.

Preservation of Permanent Records

A fundamental, yet often neglected obligation of local government is to care for its permanent records-in this case, some of the records that it generates and receives. The records that have been identified as permanent require special handling and storage if they are to be preserved. The continuous interaction between a record's mediumpaper, magnetic tape, film, etc. -and the quality of the environment in which it is kept-temperature, humidity, light, and air-determines the severity and rate of its deterioration.

By microfilming older, deteriorating, but permanently valuable records, local governments can generate durable copies for research and prevent further damage or deterioration of the original. When filmed, processed, and maintained to archival specifications, the master negative will ensure that permanently valuable records are preserved for generations to come.

The Missouri Local Records Grant program can provide financial assistance in the form of grants-in-aid to supplement local funds for preservation initiatives, such as archival supplies, shelving and preservation microfilming.

A Note about Electronic Records

Permanent records existing solely in electronic form are in danger of becoming inaccessible through media decay and hardware/software obsolescence. Periodic migration and transfer of permanent records to stable preservation media, such as microfilm, should be considered as a best practice for local government to fulfill its statutory responsibility to maintain permanent records.

A Note about Retention Periods

This schedule provides minimum retentions. Local authorities may choose to keep a particular series or record for a longer period of time. It should be kept in mind, however, that a record kept beyond its listed retention must be made available for inspection upon request.

Retention Definitions:

COA=Completion of Audit. Note that COA is coupled with a lot of 5-year entries to help encourage regular audits. Not all jurisdictions are required to have audits by statute. Audits for some municipalities are governed by the level of federal financing for bonds and public improvements, and thus are governed by federal retentions. Most municipalities are governed by their local authority (alderman, council, mayor, etc.) for auditing policy. Local jurisdictions may consult RSMo 29 to review the State Auditor's chapter for petition audits (see RSMo 250 for large capital projects such as bonds for water and sewer). For general auditing explanations and advice we recommend that clerks contact the State Auditor's office at 573.751.4213.

DCA=Destroy in Current Area/Reference. Series with these retentions are considered "reference" records and may be destroyed when they are no longer of use.

Modifications and Additions

Because records reflect activities that are constantly changing, the retention requirements for them sometimes require revision as well. Consequently, records retention and disposition schedules often need modification or additions in order to be realistic and effective. Furthermore, because local governments are so large, it is impractical to consult with every office regarding specific schedule entries. There may be some retention periods and disposition requirements within this schedule that fail to account for all relevant factors and there may be some important record series not addressed here which need to be added. The Local Records Program welcomes all comments and suggestions concerned with improvement of record retention schedules through modifications and additions.

For further information on any records management or preservation issue, please contact:

Missouri Secretary of State Local Records Preservation Program PO Box 1747, Jefferson City, MO 65101-1747

Telephone: (573) 751-9047 Fax: (573) 526-3867

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General Records Retention Schedule

Administrative Records

GS 001 Annual and Special Reports

Also Called:

Function: Reports documenting the program or primary activities and accomplishments of the local

government unit for the previous year. Often compiled from monthly, quarterly or other

subsidiary activity reports.

Content: May include: statistics, narratives, graphs, diagrams, and similar information.

Minimum Retention: Permanent

Disposition: Archive. Microfilm for preservation

Note: Provides administrative history of the office.

Approval Date: August 15, 2001

GS 012 Correspondence - General

Also Called: Letters, Memoranda, E-mail

Function: Correspondence that pertains to routine matters handled in accordance with existing policies

and procedures. Does not contain significant information about office policies or programs.

Content: May include: incoming and outgoing letters, memoranda, notes, acknowledgements,

notices, request for information or publications, enclosures, and attachments.

Minimum Retention: 1 year Disposition: Destroy

Note: See also Correspondence - Policy

Approval Date: August 15, 2001

GS 012.1 Correspondence - Transitory

Also Called: Letters, Memoranda, E-mail

Function: Documents of short-term interest that have no documentary or evidentiary value, which are

not included in another record series

Content: May include: routine requests for information or publications which require no administrative

action, policy decision, or special compilation or research; replies to routine requests; quasiofficial notices that do not serve as the basis of official action, such as holiday notices,

charitable campaigns, etc

Minimum Retention: None Disposition: Destroy

Note: See also: GS 012; GS 013; GS 066

Approval Date: August 25, 2009

GS 013 Correspondence - Policy
Also Called: Letters, Memoranda, E-mail

Function: Correspondence which state or form the basis of policy, set important precedents or record

important events in the operational and organizational history of the governmental body. May include: incoming and outgoing letters, memoranda, notes, reports studies, and other

records.

Minimum Retention: Permanent

Content:

Disposition: Archive. Microfilm for preservation
Note: See also Correspondence - General

GS 014 Mailing Lists

Also Called:

Function: Lists complied to facilitate billing, official notification, etc.

Content: May include: name of individual, group or business, address, name and title of contact

person, telephone number, comments and similar data.

Minimum Retention: Destroy when superseded or obsolete

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: August 15, 2001

GS 016 Telecommunications Log

Also Called: Telephone Log, Communications Log

Function: Registers incoming and outgoing communications including radio, telephone, fax, computer

aided dispatch, and teletype transmissions.

Content: May include: telephone number initiating/receiving call, length of call, date and time,

subject, location, response, message, and other data depending on the type of transmission.

Minimum Retention: 1 year
Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: August 15, 2001

GS 017 Telecommunications System Management Records

Also Called:

Function: Documents the creation, modification or disposition of telecommunications systems.

Content: Records may include but are not limited to: equipment records, Federal Communication Commission records, repaid order forms, systems planning records, telecommunication

maintenance contracts, service orders, and correspondence.

Minimum Retention: Destroy 1 year after system is superseded

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: August 15, 2001

GS 018 Records Management Records

Also Called:

Function: Documents the authorized retention, scheduling, inventory and disposition of public records.

Content: May include, but not limited to: procedural guidelines, records retention schedules,

Content: May include, but not limited to: procedural guidelines, records retention schedules, inventory reports, transfer agreements, disposal lists, destruction authorizations, and Minimum Retention: Retain permanently all inventories; disposal lists; destruction authorizations and transfer

agreements. Other records: Retain until superseded or no longer useful.

Disposition: Records with permanent value: Archive. Microfilm optional. Other records: destroy.

Note:

Approval Date: August 15, 2001

GS 019 Vendor Files

Also Called: Vendor Lists, Registers or Logs

Function: Documents vendors providing goods and services to local government.

Content: May include: name of vendor or company, name of contact or agent, address, telephone

and fax numbers, e-mail and web site address, description of goods and services provided.

Minimum Retention: Destroy when superseded or obsolete

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

GS 020 Work Orders

Also Called: Maintenance requests; Service requests

Function: Internal records documenting requests and authorizations for needed services, including

repair of government owned property.

Content: May include: copy center work order, telephone service and installation requests, printing

orders, repair authorizations, and similar records.

Minimum Retention: 3 years
Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: August 15, 2001

GS 021 Meeting Records (for Boards, Commissions, Committees, or Other Public Bodies)

Also Called:

Function: Documents the proceedings of public bodies described in RSMo 610.010 (4).

Content: May include: minutes, agendas, exhibits, resolutions, indexes, staff reports, correspondence,

related documentation, audio or visual recordings.

Minimum Retention: Permanent - Minutes, agendas, exhibits, resolutions, and indexes (not retained permanently

elsewhere); Other records - 1 year

Disposition: Permanent records - Archive. Microfilm for preservation. Other records - Destroy.

Note:

Approval Date: August 19, 2003

GS 022 Public Notice Records

Also Called: Affidavits of Publication, Notice of Meetings, Public Notices, Proof of Publication

Function: Records documenting compliance with laws requiring public notice of governmental
Content: May include: public or legal notices, certificates, affidavits of publication, and similar

Minimum Retention: 3 years
Disposition: Destroy

Note: See also: GS 055 Bid Records

Approval Date: August 19, 2003

GS 023 Capital Improvement Projects Files

Also Called:

Function: Records related to construction of new properties or significant renovations of existing

properties.

Content: May include: correspondence, bids, specifications, plans, designs, drawings, reports, notes,

change orders, etc.

Minimum Retention: Retain for the life of the structure plus 10 years; Maybe subject to federal requirements.

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: August 19, 2003

GS 024 Computer Software Licensing Files

Also Called:

Function: Documents proving the licensure and implementation of computer software programs by the

agency.

Content: May include: permitted uses, rights and restrictions, warranty information, liability statement,

and laws governing the product.

Minimum Retention: Retain for the duration of license plus 5 years

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

GS 025 Computer System Documentation

Also Called: Function:

Records related to the development, implementation, modification, and use of computer

programs and systems.

Content: May include but is not limited to: system overviews, operation logs, system instruction

manuals, system development logs, system specifications and changes, conversion notes, flow charts, data set logs, inventories, and record layouts, hard copies of tables, data dictionaries, programming logs, program specifications and changes, program listings, migration plans, commercial software manuals, related correspondence and documentation. Migration plans: Until superseded; Other records: 1 year after system is superseded

Minimum Retention:

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date:

August 19, 2003

GS 036 Publications

Also Called: Function:

Published records produced by or for a local government entity or any of its departments or

programs and made available to the public.

Content: Includes newsletters, pamphlets, brochures, leaflets, reports, studies, proposals, and similar

published records.

Minimum Retention: Retain brochures, pamphlets, and leaflets until superseded or obsolete. Retain one copy of

all others permanently.

Disposition: Permanent records: Archive. Other records: Destroy.

Note: Does not include publications received from federal, state, private or other sources - these

publications and extra copies of city-produced publications should be retained as needed.

Approval Date: August 19, 2003

GS 037 News Releases

Also Called:

Function: Prepared statements, announcements, news conference transcripts, and similar records

issued to the news media by the local government entity.

Content: May include news releases announcing routine events or actions carried out within the scope

of existing policies.

Minimum Retention: Retain policy and historic news releases permanently. Retain routine news releases 2 years.

Disposition: Permanent records: Archive. Other records: Destroy.

Note: Some releases may merit inclusion in applicable related record series (e.g., Incident Case

Files, Fire Investigation Records, etc.)

Approval Date: August 19, 2003

GS 038 Scrapbooks, Photographs and Clippings

Also Called: News Clipping File; Scrapbooks; Photo File; Photograph Album

Function: Documents a chronological or similar record of the local government entity.

Content: May contain photographs, newspaper or magazine clippings, commentaries, and other items

pertaining to the activities, actions, and reactions of the local government officials,

personnel, and citizens. Scrapbooks vary greatly in their content and value. Some may have

historical value e.g. World War II Servicemen/Women scrapbooks.

Minimum Retention: Retain as needed.

Disposition: Records with permanent value: Archive. Other records: destroy.

Note: Contact the Missouri Local Records Program for historical evaluation.

GS 039 Technical Manuals, Specifications, and Warranties

Also Called:

Owners manuals and warranties for government-owned vehicles and equipment. Function: Manuals often include specifications, operating instructions, and safety information. Content:

Warranties include terms of coverage for repair or replacement of equipment.

Minimum Retention: Retain manuals until disposition of vehicle or equipment. Retain warranties until expiration. Disposition: Destrov

Note:

Approval Date:

August 19, 2003

GS 044 Commission and Appointment Records

Board Committee files; Appointment files Also Called:

Function: Appointments made by authorized elected officials to committees, boards, commissions, task

forces, other advisory groups, or public offices.

May include applications, interview notes, resumes, staff reports, letters of recommendation, Content:

letters of appointment, and related non-routine correspondence.

Record in official minutes. Retain records 1 year after expiration of appointment. Minimum Retention:

Disposition: Destroy securely. Note:

Approval Date: August 24, 2004

GS 045 Bonds, Public Officials and Employees

Also Called: Public Official Bond, Commissions and Official Bonds

Function: Documents the posting of fidelity, performance, or position bonds to guarantee the honest

and faithful performance of elected officials, individual employees, or groups of employees. May include: bond number; name and position(s) of individual or group; insurance

company; amount of coverage; appointment data; effective and expiration dates; attorney-

in-fact; signatures; attached affidavit and attached power of attorney from insurance

Minimum Retention: Retain 6 years after expiration

Disposition:

Note:

Content:

Approval Date:

Destroy securely.

August 24, 2004

GS 046 Oaths of Office

Oaths of Office of Elected and Appointed Officials Also Called:

Signed oaths taken by various elected and appointed officials before discharging duties of Function:

office.

May include: date, name, office held, text, and signatures. May also include certificate of Content:

election.

Retain 1 year after expiration of term. Review for historical value. Minimum Retention: Retain permanently those with historical value, destroy all others. Disposition:

Note: May be filed separately or with appointment files.

Approval Date: August 24, 2004

GS 047 Policy and Procedure Files

Directives: Manuals Also Called:

Function: Documents policies, procedural directives and manuals developed by the agency to govern

its internal management functions such as payroll, procurement, personnel administration,

equipment inventory, and other internal management matters.

May include: internal rules and regulations, sometimes separated by departments; step-by-Content:

step procedures used as training manual for job functions; policies for vacation pay, hiring, firing, employee safety and other personnel matters. Often published in manual format or

Retain routine clerical manuals until superseded, updated, or no longer needed for Minimum Retention:

reference. Retain one copy of all other policy documentation permanently.

Disposition: Permanent records: Archive. Other records: Destroy securely.

Note:

Approval Date: August 24, 2004 General Schedule—Administrative Records GS 048 Orders Issued by Local Governing Bodies (commissions, councils,

legislatures, etc.)

Also Called: County Court Orders; Writs of execution

Function: Documents directives issued by local governing body, including those related to tax

collection/abatement.

Content:

Minimum Retention: If recorded in official minutes, retain through Completion of Audit. If not recorded, retain

permanently as official copy.

Disposition: Permanent records: Archive. Other records: Destroy securely.

Note: Tax change must be entered into the permanent tax record book prior to the destruction of

the court orders for tax abatements/additions.

Approval Date: August 24, 2004

GS 049 Request and Complaint Files

Also Called: Function: Content:

Documents citizen requests or complaints about service, maintenance, repairs, materials, Information often includes name, phone number, and address of person making request or

complaint, narration of request or complaint, name of person responding to request or

complaint, dates of related activities, and other data.

Minimum Retention: 3 years after final disposition

Disposition: Destroy securely.

Note: See also: Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Records and Grievance and Complaint

Records in the Personnel section; See also: Correspondence, General in this section for

routine requests for information or publications.

Approval Date: August 24, 2004

GS 050 Permits and Licenses

Also Called:

Function: Records documenting review, background investigations, recommendations and other

actions related to permits and licenses issued for various activities such as: the use of public facilities for dances, parades, etc.; the operation of retail and other businesses including sales, solicitors, second-hand dealers and taxi cabs; also tree removal, temporary signs,

keeping livestock, billboards, etc.

Content: May include: applications, background investigation reports, permits, licenses, renewals and

related records.

Minimum Retention: Retain 2 years after expiration.

Disposition: Destroy securely

Note: This record series does not apply to several types of permit records related to construction,

certain public works functions, and others. See: GS 052 for Building Permits and

Applications. See: specific office schedules for other permits.

Approval Date: August 24, 2004

GS 051 Disaster/Emergency Preparedness and Recovery Records

Also Called: Civil Defense Plans/Files; Homeland Security Plans; Emergency Management Files; Disaster

Plan: Drill Records

Function: Documents the plans for protection and reestablishment of services and equipment in the

event of a disaster (natural, chemical, terrorist, etc.).

Content: May include: plan, procedures, checklists, emergency phone numbers and addresses. Also

records of practice drills and preparations.

Minimum Retention: Retain until superseded or no longer needed. Evaluate for historical content.

Disposition: Retain documents with historical value permanently; all others: Destroy securely

Note: Disaster/Emergency Preparedness and Recovery Plans are considered vital records.

Recommend duplicate copies be maintained in a secure location, accessible to authorized

personnel in the event of an emergency.

Approval Date: August 24, 2004

General Schedule—Administrative Records

GS 065 Participant Registration and Attendance Records

Also Called: Function:

Documents the registration and attendance of participants in sponsored events, activities,

and classes.

Content: Records may include registration forms or cards, class or activity rosters, consent/waiver forms

and related documents. Information usually includes name, dates, and times of class or activity, fee paid, and name, address, phone number, and signature of participant. Further information may include pertinent medical data, date of birth, signature of parent or

guardian, and other data.

Minimum Retention: 3 years

Disposition: Destroy securely.

Note:

Approval Date: August 24, 2005

GS 066 Public Information Requests and Documentation

Also Called:
Sunshine Law Requests; Open Records Requests; Request for Voter Information Data
Requests for information pursuant to RSMo 610 (Sunshine Law) and related documentation.

Content:
May include, but is not limited to: a description of the records being requested (a specific document created on a certain date, or records of a general subject matter within a general date span); whether a copy will be required or the records will be viewed in person; and the

name, address, phone number or electronic mail address of the person requesting information. If the record does not exist or cannot be found, certification of this information may be included. When a request is denied, contents may also include a statement of

denial, appeal records, documentation of review and decision.

Minimum Retention: Retain request forms for military information 5 years. (RSMO 59.480) Retain all other

requests 3 years.

Disposition: Destroy

Note: For detailed information about Missouri's Sunshine Law, go to the Attorney General's web

site: http://www.ago.state.mo.us/sunshinelaw/sunshinelaw.htm.

Approval Date: August 24, 2005

GS 067 Vehicle Ownership and Maintenance Records

Also Called: Certificate of Title; Registration; Licenses; Warranties; Maintenance Record.

Function: Documents purchase, ownership, licensing and maintenance of all office-owned vehicles.

Content: May include, but is not limited to: legal titles, registration documents, purchase invoice,

contracts, warranties, inspections, maintenance logs.

Minimum Retention: Retain titles, licenses, warranties, and maintenance records until vehicle is sold or disposed

of. Retain registration records until superseded or disposition of vehicle.

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: August 24, 2005

GS 069 Equipment Ownership and Maintenance Records

Also Called: Legal titles; warranties; maintenance log

Function: Records documenting the legal ownership and maintenance of all office-owned equipment.

Content: May include, but is not limited to: date of purchase or lease; purchase price; contract or lease agreement; warranty information; ownership information; make and model; owner's

manual; maintenance/service agreements; maintenance logs.

Minimum Retention: Retain for the life of the equipment, then transfer to the new owner of the equipment or

destroy as appropriate.

Disposition:

Note: See also: Vehicle Ownership and Maintenance Records.

GS 071 Gift and Contribution Records

Also Called: Donations; memorials; fundraising records

Records documenting gifts and contributions to the local government that result from Function:

fundraising efforts, donations, memorials, or tributes by private individuals or corporations. May include, but is not limited to: donor and acknowledgment letters, acquisition lists itemizing purchases made with contributed money (books, art, equipment, etc.), checks, receipts, conditions or restrictions, plans and work lists for fundraising events, and related

Permanent

Minimum Retention: Archive. Microfilm for preservation. Disposition:

Note:

Content:

Approval Date: August 24, 2005

GS 072 Calendars and Scheduling Records

Also Called: Appointment books; planners

Function: Records kept to document and facilitate the routine planning and scheduling of meetings,

appointments, daily tasks, or similar activities.

May include, but is not limited to: time, location, and topic of meetings, appointments, or Content:

events; names and phone numbers of participants of meetings or events; prioritized daily

tasks; travel schedules.

Minimum Retention: 1 year Destroy Disposition:

Note:

Approval Date: August 24, 2005

GS 074 Audit Reports - Non-Financial

Also Called: Performance Audits; Attestation Engagements; Non-audit Services

Documents investigations or reviews prepared or conducted by internal/external auditors Function:

regarding the performance or management of a program, department or agency. Audits may assess effectiveness, economy, and efficiency; internal controls; and compliance with legal or other requirements. May also provide prospective analyses, guidance, or summary

May include, but is not limited to: reports; recommendations; working papers; analysis; Content:

supporting documents; correspondence.

Retain final reports permanently. Retain working papers and supporting documentation 5 Minimum Retention:

vears from report date.

Disposition: Permanent records: Archive. Other records: Destroy.

See also GS 002 Audit Reports - Financial. Note:

Approval Date: August 24, 2005

GS 075 Charters and Articles of Incorporation

Also Called:

Function: A written instrument that creates and defines the rights and privileges of a city, educational

institution, corporation, or other organization.

May include, but is not limited to: original charter, petitions for incorporation, constitution, Content:

by-laws, amendments.

Permanent Minimum Retention:

Disposition:

Note: In the case of citizen petitions for incorporations, only one sample need be retained.

GS 076 Administrative Reports

Also Called: Activity reports; daily, weekly, monthly, or quarterly reports; management reports; subsidiary

reports

Function: Internal documents that are produced daily, weekly, monthly, or quarterly by local

government units to detail program activities, operations, and/or accomplishments. Useful

for compiling annual reports, planning and budgeting, and monitoring work progress. May include, but is not limited to: type of activity; employees and/or volunteers involved; time spent on activity; work completed; related information in narrative or statistical form.

Minimum Retention: Completion of audit

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Content:

Approval Date: August 24, 2005

GS 077 Deeds and Conveyances

Also Called: Dedication deeds; Record of Right of Way; Deed of Conveyance Function: Transfer of property or property rights to/from a local government entity.

Content: May include, but is not limited to: names and addresses of grantors and grantees; description

of property; date property was transferred or granted; cross-referenced volume; page number of recorder's plat books; and signature confirming transaction. Similar records in this series include title opinions, abstracts and certificates of title, title insurance, and documentation

concerning alterations or transfer of title.

Minimum Retention: Permanent Disposition: Archive

Note:

Also Called:

Approval Date: August 24, 2005

GS 078 Ordinances and Resolutions

Function: Legislative and non-legislative actions that document policy development. An ordinance

defines a law set forth by the governmental authority; a resolution is a formal expression of

opinion, will, or intent voted by the official body.

Content: May include, but is not limited to: ordinance or resolution number; title; text; date;

appropriate signatures; seal; supporting documentation.

Minimum Retention: Permanent

Disposition: Archive. Microfilm for preservation.

Note:

Approval Date: August 24, 2005

GS 079 Websites

Also Called:

Function: A group of World Wide Web pages usually containing hyperlinks to each other and made

available online by the local government entity for responding to public inquiries and

providing information about the entity.

Content: May include, but is not limited to: location of office; hours of operation; organization and

officials; services provided; publications; announcements; other information related to the

entity and the conduct of its business.

Minimum Retention: Permanent; preserve a complete copy of the website annually, or whenever significant

changes are made, whichever occurs first.

Disposition: Archive; migrate to newer storage media as necessary.

Note:

GS 082 Mission Statement

Also Called:

Function: Outlines functions and duties of organization, board, etc.

Content:

Minimum Retention: Destroy when Superseded

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Building Records

GS 052 Building Applications and Permits

Function: Records documenting requests and authorizations for property owners to erect new structures,

including signs, or make structural modifications to existing ones. Serves as official authorization for construction including installation of plumbing, electrical and mechanical

equipment and other related work.

Content: Information usually includes name, address, phone number, and signature of applicant,

permit number, type and location of building, name of builder or contractor, legal description, description of work, and value of construction. May also include: plans,

specifications and construction documents.

Minimum Retention: Retain permanently records documenting changes to or demolition of historical structures.

Retain permits for completed structures for the life of the structure; Retain demolition permits 10 years after demolition; Retain other permits (including but not limited to: plumbing,

electrical, mechanical, and excavation) 5 years after expiration.

Disposition: Permanent records: Archive. Other records: Destroy.

Note: This entry refers to the official record copy of applications and permits. See: office specific

schedules e.g. Assessor, Fire Department for retentions of reference copies.

Approval Date: August 24, 2004

GS 080 Buildings and Grounds Maintenance Records

Also Called:

Also Called:

Function: Documents all maintenance and repairs to buildings and grounds owned or leased by the

local government entity. Used to verify that repairs were made.

Content: May include, but is not limited to: location, narrative of work completed, materials used,

personnel completing work, authorization, dates of activities, and related data.

Minimum Retention: 3 years
Disposition: Destroy

Note: See also: Capital Improvement Projects Files

Approval Date: August 24, 2005

Environmental Records

GS 081 Environmental Complaints

Also Called: Investigations; Inspections

Function: Documents environmental complaints from suspected hazardous materials to unpleasant complaint forms, investigation notes, memoranda, correspondence, survey notes, lab reports,

photos, reference materials, noise readings, court documents, material samples

Minimum Retention: Permanent for hazardous materials; 5 years for non-hazardous

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Financial Records

GS 002 Audit Report - Financial

Also Called: Function:

Records documenting audits of the financial position of local government units. Conducted

by local, state, federal and/or non-governmental auditing agencies in accordance with applicable statutory requirements. Subjects may include accounting principles and methods, the accuracy and legality of transactions, accounts, etc., and compliance with requirements,

orders, and regulations of other public bodies pertaining to the financial condition or

operation of the local government unit.

May include: accountant's summary, combined financial statements, schedules, balance Content:

sheet details, comments, recommendations, and related data.

Minimum Retention: Permanent

Disposition: Archive. Microfilm for preservation

Note: Provides administrative history of the office.

Approval Date: August 15, 2001

GS 003 Adopted Budget

Official Budget; Approved Budget Also Called:

Records documenting the final annual financial plan approved by the city, county or other Function:

authorizing body.

May include: budget message, financial summaries, revenues and expenditures, operating Content:

programs, position and wage analysis, overhead allocations, organizational charts, previous

actual and budgeted amounts, and related data.

Minimum Retention: Permanent

Archive. Microfilm for preservation Disposition:

Note: Provides administrative history of the office.

Approval Date: August 15, 2001

GS 004 Budget Preparation Records

Also Called: Budget Working Papers, Budget Requests

Function: Documents used in the preparation of the annual office budget; Estimates expenditures and

disbursements.

Content: May include: correspondence, budget requests, proposal and instructions, computer reports,

notes, staff reports, worksheets, surveys, and other related materials.

Completion of audit Minimum Retention:

Disposition:

Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: August 15, 2001

GS 005 General Ledgers

Year end print-out with aggregate totals, Year-end ledger Also Called:

Documents the summary of accounts, financial receipts and expenditures normally used to Function:

monitor, manage and verify the budget and financial position of the office.

May include: debit, credit and balance amounts per account, budget, fund and department Content:

numbers, and totals for notes receivable, interest income, amounts due from other funds, federal and state grants received, bank loans received, cash in escrow, deferred loans received, cash, encumbrances, revenues, accounts receivable, accounts payable and other

data.

Permanent Minimum Retention:

Archive. Microfilm for preservation Disposition:

Provides administrative history of the office. Note:

GS 006 Subsidiary Ledgers

Also Called: Journals, Registers, Monthly Ledgers

Function:

Content: May include: date, payee, purpose, fund credited or debited, check number and similar or

related data.

Minimum Retention: Completion of audit

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: August 15, 2001

GS 007 Accounts Payable Records

Also Called: Invoices, Vouchers, Warrants, Billing Records

Function: Records documenting payment of bills for goods and services received. Payment from

general accounts.

Content: May include: correspondence, reports, invoices, statements, vouchers, purchase orders,

payment authorizations, receipt records, canceled checks or warrants, and similar documents.

Minimum Retention: Completion of audit*

Disposition: Destroy

Note: *Per RSMo 50.172 (2), County Clerks must keep these records for five (5) years

Approval Date: August 15, 2001

GS 008 Accounts Receivable Records

Also Called: Cash Receipt File

Function: Records documenting revenues owed to the local government unit by citizens,

organizations, other governmental units, vendors and others to be credited to general

accounts. Also documents billing and collection of moneys.

Content: May include: reports, receipts, invoices, awards, logs, lists, summaries, statements and similar

records. Information may include: receipt amount, date, invoice number, name, account

number, account balance, adjustment, and similar data.

Minimum Retention: Completion of audit

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: August 15, 2001

GS 009 Purchasing Records

Also Called: Purchase Orders Ledger, Purchasing Requests, Requisitions, Authorizations, Material and

Cost specifications.

Function: Records documenting orders, authorization, and evidence of receipt of the purchase of

goods and services by local government office.

Content: May include: vendor number, project number, date of purchase order, department, vendor

name and address, shipping instructions, quantity ordered, unit of issue, description of goods/services ordered, unit price, extended price, purchasing agent signature, notations of shortages or damaged goods, signature of individual signing for receipt of goods/services.

Minimum Retention: 3 years plus completion of audit

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

GS 010 Banking Records

Also Called: Account Statements, Deposit books, Deposit and Withdrawal Slips, Cancelled checks, Check

Registers, Passbooks, Statements and Receipts for Interest Income

Records documenting the banking transactions of government offices with financial Function:

institutions, and the current status of public funds.

May include: bank and account numbers, transaction dates, beginning balance, check or Content:

deposit amount, document numbers, adjustments, description of transaction, ending

balance, and other related information.

Minimum Retention: Completion of audit plus 1 year

Disposition: Destroy

Note: Series may include other related records.

Approval Date: August 15, 2001

GS 011 Receipts

Also Called:

Function: Copies of receipts issued by the office to persons paying fees, turning over funds, or for the

accounting of petty cash expenses.

May include: date, number, from whom received, amount, purpose, and authorizing Content:

Minimum Retention: Completion of audit Destroy

Disposition:

Note:

Approval Date: August 15, 2001

Postal Records GS 015

Also Called:

Function: Records documenting transactions with the US Postal Service and private carriers. Content: May include: postal meter records, receipts for registered and certified mail, insured mail,

special delivery receipts and forms, loss reports, and related items.

Minimum Retention: 1 year Disposition: Destroy

Note:

August 15, 2001 Approval Date:

GS 040 Grant Records

Also Called:

Function: Documents the application, evaluation, awarding, administration, monitoring, and status of

grants in which a local government entity is the recipient, grantor, allocator, or administrator. Grants may come from federal or state governments or foundation and other private funding

sources.

Content: Records may include but are not limited to: applications including project proposals,

summaries, objectives, activities, budgets, exhibits, and award notification, grant evaluation records and recommendations concerning grant applications, grant administration records including progress reports, budgets, project objectives, proposals, and summaries, records documenting allocation of funds, contracts, records monitoring project plans and measuring achievement, equipment inventories, financial reports, accounting records, audit reports,

expenditure reports, and related correspondence and documentation.

Minimum Retention: Retain final reports from significant grants permanently. Retain other grant records 3 years

after submission of final report or as specified by the granting agency, whichever is longer.

Retain unsuccessful grant applications 1 year after rejection or withdrawal.

Disposition: Permanent records: Archive. Other records: Destroy securely.

Note:

GS 053 Fee Records

Also Called: Fee Books, Inquest Fee Statements, Statement of Fees Collected

Function: Records documenting billing and collection of fees.

Content: May include: date, fee service, by whom paid, settlements, penalties, and total paid.

Minimum Retention: Completion of audit

Disposition: Destroy

Note: Fees should not be confused with other monies payable to local government e.g. taxes.

Approval Date: August 24, 2004

GS 054 Fixed Assets Inventory

Also Called: Property Inventory; Property Control List; Equipment Inventory

Function: Listing of all fixed assets owned by local government.

Content: Information includes assets by department, method of acquisition, purchase authority, fund,

origination, physical location.

Minimum Retention: Retain current inventory in office until superseded. Retain superseded inventories through

Completion of Audit.

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Content:

Approval Date: August 24, 2004

GS 055 Bid Records

Also Called: Bids and Quotes File, Bids and Specs

Function: Documents the publicizing, evaluation, and awarding of quoted bids to vendors and other

individuals or organizations. Provides recorded evidence of accepted and rejected bids. May include requests for proposals (RFP), bid exemption documents, bid and quote lists, notices of bid opening and award, comparison summaries, spreadsheets, tabulation

worksheets, bid advertising records, tally sheets, bid specifications, bid award letter and other

related correspondence or records.

Minimum Retention: Accepted, destroy 5 years after contract expiration if filed separately from Contracts and

Agreements. Rejected, destroy when 3 years old or on completion of audit whichever is later.

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: August 24, 2004

GS 068 Payroll Records

Also Called: Payroll Register; Payroll Earnings and Deduction Registers; Employee Earnings Record;

Payroll Journal; Payroll Check Register; Employee Payroll Adjustment Files; CERF Form DE,

County Deposit Exception

Function: Documents the earnings, deductions, and withholdings of employees.

Content: May include, but is not limited to: employee name; address; social security number; date of

payment; hours worked; gross pay; withholdings for taxes and retirement; net pay; voluntary deductions for life or health insurance, credit union accounts, pension fund, etc. May also include year-to-date earnings and deductions which culminate in a final year-to-date summary report. Employee Payroll Adjustment Files include employee name or number and display current adjustments to payroll master file such as rate, marital status, insurance premiums, other deductions, garnishments, federal and state withholdings, errors, etc. Payroll Journal or Check Register may also include the payroll check number and the

Minimum Retention: Retain Year-to-Date Annual Summary 70 years for administrative purposes. Retain all other

records 5 years.

Disposition: Destroy securely.

Note:

GS 070 Travel Expense Reimbursement Records

Also Called: Travel Vouchers; Expense Reports

Function: Records documenting requests, authorizations, mileage, claims for reimbursements and

other actions related to employee travel.

Content: May include, but is not limited to: employee's expense report, expense receipts, check

vouchers, authorizations to pay, purchase orders and other supporting papers.

Minimum Retention: Completion of audit plus 1 year.

Disposition: Destroy

Note:

Approval Date: August 24, 2005

GS 073 Annual Financial Statements

Also Called: Annual Financial Reports

Function: Documents the general financial condition and operation of the local government entity on

an annual basis.

Content: May include, but is not limited to: receipts or revenues for each of the funds set up by the

local government during the designated year; disbursements or expenditures for each of the

funds during the designated year; changes in cash for each of the funds during the

designated year; comparisons of the receipts, disbursements, and change in cash with the

corresponding budgeted information for the various funds.

Minimum Retention: Retain 5 years; retain permanently if not included in audit report file.

Disposition: Archive. Microfilm for preservation.

Note:

Approval Date: August 24, 2005

GS 056 Insurance Policy Records

Also Called:

Function: Documents the terms and conditions of insurance policies between local government and

insurers. Types of insurance include liability, property, group employee health and life,

motor vehicle, workers' compensation, flood, and others.

Content: Records usually include policies, endorsements, premium rate change notices, agent of

record, and related documents.

Minimum Retention: Retain until canceled or expired, plus 6 calendar years. Retain insurance policy and carrier

information until all claims have been settled.

Disposition: Destroy securely.

Note: Polices in effect are considered vital records and as such, duplicate copies should be

maintained in a secure location, accessible to authorized personnel in the event of an

emergency.

Legal Records

GS 057 Insurance Claims Files

Also Called: Function:

Documents various types of insurance claims filed against local government. These include

personal injury, property damage, motor vehicle accident, false arrest, and others.

May include: insurance claim forms, copy of hospital, physician, ambulance and medication Content:

bills, death and birth certificates, reports, photographs, summaries, reviews, notices, audio and videotapes, transcriptions of recorded statements, memoranda, correspondence, and

related documents used in processing the claim.

Minimum Retention: If action taken, retain 10 years after case closed, dismissed, or date of last action; If no action

taken, retain 3 years.

Disposition:

Destroy securely.

Note:

Approval Date: August 24, 2004

GS 058 Litigation Case Files

Also Called:

Documents judicial proceedings which involve local government offices.

Function: Content:

Files include some or all of the following documents: affidavits, summons and complaints, responses, orders of dismissals, notice and general appeal, laws and regulations applying to a particular case, legal briefs, transcripts of proceedings, orders, court decisions, and related

information.

Minimum Retention: 6 years after the case is closed. Microfilm optional.

Destroy securely. Disposition:

Court records in this series are also available in the court having jurisdiction over the case. Note:

Consult the Office of State Courts Administrator (OSCA), Rule 8, for court records retention

schedule.

August 24, 2004 Approval Date:

GS 059 Legal Opinions

Also Called: Legal opinions (requested by local government); Attorney General opinions

Formal opinions rendered by government counsel. Documents the rationale for policy and Function:

maintains consistency in related issues.

Content: Information usually includes date, office requesting opinion, and the text of the opinion.

Minimum Retention: Retain until superseded.

Disposition:

Destroy

Note:

GS 060 Contracts, Leases, and Agreements

Also Called: Memorandum of Understanding

Function: Official agreements enforceable by law to acquire services, equipment, or maintenance.

Documents the terms and conditions of agreements between local government(s), private

companies, and individuals.

Content: May include contracts, exhibits, bid documents, change orders and amendments, leases,

agreements and significant related correspondence. Information in contracts usually includes contract number, certificate of required insurance, dates, terms, parties involved, period covered, and signatures. May also include leases, rental schedules, specifications, bids awarded and attached copies of payments, receipts, and other supporting papers used in

managing the contract.

Minimum Retention: Construction/capital improvement records: Retain 10 years after substantial completion;

Other records: Retain 3 years after expiration.

Disposition: Destroy

Note: Contracts, leases and agreements in effect are considered vital records. Recommend

duplicate copies be maintained in a secure location, accessible to authorized personnel in

the event of an emergency.

Personnel Records

GS 026 Employee Personnel Records

Also Called:
Function: The master personnel records maintained for each employee.

Content: May include: job application, notices of appointment, personnel transaction records

reflecting position classification and salary level, employee orientation checklists, payroll withholding information, leave summary record, performance documentation, and other

records related to an individual's employment.

Minimum Retention: 75 years from date of hire

Disposition: Destroy securely

Note: Duplicate copies may be kept at the office or department level. These records should be

retained one year following separation, then transferred to the Personnel Officer for

Approval Date: August 19, 2003

Content:

GS 027 Employee Medical Records

Also Called:

Function: Records documenting an individual employee's work related medical history.

Records may include but are not limited to: medical examination records (pre-employment, pre-assignment, periodic, or episodic), X-rays, records of significant health or disability limitations related to job assignments, documentation of work related injuries or illnesses, hearing test records, hazard exposure records (see below), drug testing records, first aid incident records, physical examination statements, Family Medical Leave Act records, release consent forms, and related correspondence. Hazard exposure records document an employee's exposure to hazardous conditions such as chemicals, toxic substances, blood-borne pathogens, biological agents, bacteria, virus, fungus, radiation, noise, dust, heat, cold,

vibration, repetitive motion, or other dangerous conditions.

Minimum Retention: Hazard Exposure Records 30 years after separation; all other records 7 years after separation

Disposition: Destroy securely

Note: These records are not personnel records. Pursuant to the Americans with Disabilities Act,

medical records must be kept physically separate from personnel records. See also: 29 CFR

1910.1020 for more information on the retention of Hazard Exposure Records.

Approval Date: August 19, 2003

GS 028 Time and Attendance Records

Also Called: Time sheets, Time Cards, Attendance reports, Absence reports, Sign in/Sign out cards Function: Records documenting hours worked and leave hours accrued or taken by employees on a

daily, weekly, or monthly basis. Also documents hours of court ordered community service

completed by non-employees.

Content: May include: name, social security number, hours worked, type and number of leave hours

taken or accrued, total hours, dates, signatures and related data.

Minimum Retention: 3 years plus completion of audit

Disposition: Destroy securely

Note: See also: Leave Requests

GS 029 Leave Requests

Also Called: Leave Applications

Function: Records documenting an employee's request for sick, vacation, compensatory, or other leave

time.

Content: May include: employee's name, department, date, type of leave requested, leave dates,

hours, related information, signature of individual authorizing leave and approval date.

Minimum Retention: 3 years plus completion of audit

Disposition: Destroy securely

Note: See also: Time and Attendance Records

Approval Date: August 19, 2003

GS 030 Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Records

Also Called: Affirmative Action Records

Function: Records documenting the adoption, administration and compliance with US Equal

Employment Opportunity Commission regulations.

Content: Records may include: policies, plans, procedures, work place analyses, EEO-4 reports and

related records and complaint records (which may include reports, exhibits, withdrawal notices, copies of decision, hearing and meeting records, and related documentation and

correspondence).

Minimum Retention: Plans, policies and updates: Permanent; Complaint records: 3 years after final decision;

Other records: 3 years

Disposition: Destroy securely

Note:

Approval Date: August 19, 2003

GS 031 Employment Eligibility Verification Forms

Also Called: I-9 Forms

Function: Documents the filing of US Immigration and Naturalization Service form I-9, which verifies

that an applicant or employee is eligible to work in the United States.

Content:

Minimum Retention: Retain for length of employment plus one year

Disposition: Destroy securely

Note: This form is not part of the Employee Personnel Record and should be filed separately.

Approval Date: August 19, 2003

GS 032 Employee Benefit Records

Also Called: County Employee Retirement Fund (CERF) Records

Function: Documents an individual employee's benefit information such as selection of insurance

plans, retirement, pension and disability plans, deferred compensation plans, and other

benefit information.

Content: Records may include but are not limited to: plan selection and application forms, enrollment

records, contribution and deduction summaries, personal data records, authorizations, beneficiary information, year-end leave balance reports, and related documentation.

Minimum Retention: Retain year-end leave balance reports and a copy of retirement enrollment records 75 years

after date of hire. Retain other records 3 years after employee separation or eligibility

Disposition: Destroy securely

Note:

GS 033 Wage and Tax Statements

Also Called: Federal tax form W-2

Function: Annual statements documenting individual employee earnings and withholdings for state

and federal income taxes and social security tax.

Content: Information includes employer name and tax identification number, employee name and

social security number, wages paid, amounts withheld, and related data.

Minimum Retention: 5 years

Disposition: Destroy securely

Note: See also: Federal and State Tax Forms in this section for related records.

Approval Date: August 19, 2003

GS 034 Federal and State Tax Records

Also Called:

Function: Records used to report the collection, distribution, deposit, and transmittal of federal and

state income, social security, and unemployment taxes.

Content: Examples include the federal miscellaneous income statement (1099), request for taxpayer

identification number and certificate (W-9), employers' quarterly federal tax return (941,

941E), tax deposit coupon (8109), and similar federal and state completed forms.

Minimum Retention: 5 years

Disposition: Destroy securely

Note: See also: Wage and Tax Statements and Withholding Allowance Certificates in this section

for related records.

Approval Date: August 19, 2003

GS 035 Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificates

Also Called: W-4 form

Function: Documents the exemption status of individual employees.

Content: Information includes employee name and address, social security number, designation of

exemption status, and signature.

Minimum Retention: 5 years after superseded or employee separation

Disposition: Destroy securely

Note: See also: Federal and State Tax Forms for related information.

Approval Date: August 19, 2003

GS 041 Volunteer Program Records

Also Called:

Function: Documents the activities and administration of volunteer programs. Used for program Content: May include volunteer hour statistics, volunteer program publicity records, insurance

requirement information, inactive volunteer files, and related records.

Minimum Retention: 5 years
Disposition: Destroy

Note: For records related to individual volunteers, see Volunteer Worker Records.

Approval Date: August 19, 2003

GS 042 Volunteer Worker Records

Also Called:

Function: Documents work performed by citizens without compensation for their services.

Content: May include agreements, applications, skills test results, training documentation, task

assignment and monitoring records, and related information.

Minimum Retention: 3 years after separation

Disposition: Destroy securely

Note:

GS 043 Drug Testing Records

Also Called: Drug screening records

Function: Documents the testing of current and prospective employees for controlled substances

prohibited by policy, procedure, or statute.

Content: Records may include but are not limited to the documentation of test results, the collection

process, the random sample process, and those documenting the decision to administer

reasonable suspicion drug testing.

Minimum Retention: Retain positive test results 5 years. Retain negative test results 1 year. See Note.

Disposition: Destroy securely

Note: If filed with Employee Medical Records, retain 7 years after separation.

Approval Date: August 19, 2003

GS 061 Employment Grievance and Complaint Records

Also Called: Grievance Record

Function: Grievances or complaints filed by current employees, terminated employees, applicants, or

private citizens regarding employment practices. Often relates to interpretations and alleged

violations of employment contracts.

Content: May include complaints, investigation records, interview and hearing reports, arbitrator's

findings and decisions, tape recordings and related records.

Minimum Retention: 5 years after final disposition

Disposition: Destroy securely

Note: May be filed with employee's personnel records.

Approval Date: August 24, 2004

GS 062 Employment Recruitment and Selection Records

Also Called: Employee Application Files; Applications for Employment;

Function: Documents the recruitment and selection of employees. Records may also document the

recruitment and selection of contracted service providers such as attorneys, auditors,

insurance agents, consultants, and others.

Content: Records may include but are not limited to job announcements and descriptions, applicant

lists, applications and resumes, position advertisement records, civil service and other examination records, classification specifications, affirmative action records, interview questions, interview and application scoring notes, applicant background investigation information, letters of reference, civil service records, position authorization forms,

certifications of eligible applicants, recruitment summary records (job announcement, position

description, documentation relating to the announcement and test, and test items and

ratings levels), and related correspondence and documentation.

Minimum Retention: Retain announcement records, position description, and test and rating records 3 years;

Retain unsolicited applications and resumes 6 months if not returned to the solicitor; Retain

unsuccessful applications and other records 1 year after position filled or recruitment

Disposition: Destroy securely.

Note: See also: Employee Personnel Records and Employment Eligibility Verification Forms (I-9).

GS 063

Position Description, Classification, and Compensation Records

Also Called: Function: Content:

Records document the description, classification, and compensation of jobs and positions. Usually includes details of duties and responsibilities of each position, time percentage breakdowns of tasks, skills and abilities needed for each position, and related records documenting the development, modification, or redefinition of each job or position. Records often include reports, position descriptions, position evaluations, compensation studies, wage determination surveys, job analyses, interview data, selection criteria, authorizations,

agreements, and related records.

Minimum Retention: 3 years after obsolete or superseded

Disposition:

Destroy

Disposition: Note:

Content:

Approval Date:

August 24, 2004

GS 064 Training Records

Also Called: Training Materials; Training Program Records

Function: All records associated with or documenting the job-related instruction of employees/officials for job proficiency, enhancement or for the promotion of skill attainment or improvement.

1) Training materials may include, but are not limited to: course descriptions, manuals, textbooks, worksheets, handouts, films, videos, and course outlines. 2) Program records may include but are not limited to: instructor roster and certifications, planning and development documentation, class enrollment and attendance records, and course evaluations. 3) Individual Employee/Official Training Records may include, but are not limited to: name of employee, social security number, date attended, course title, agency or educational

institution, hours of credit, test scores, final grades, certificates of training.

Minimum Retention: 1)Training materials, retain one copy permanently; 2) Program materials, retain 3 years; 3)

Individual Employee/Official Training Records, retain 5 years after termination of

employment any records not transferred to the employee/official's master Personnel Record

Disposition:

Note: Administrators must determine which Individual Employee/Official Training Records should

be included in the Employee Personnel Records (GS 026)

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